

# CABBAGE GREEN STAR



## AN EARLY MATURING HYBRID CABBAGE

- Spring, Summer and Autumn harvesting slot
- Good heat tolerance
- Good Black Rot resistance
- Early maturing
- Excellent uniformity
- Field observation indicates some resistance to black rot

### Type

An early maturing medium to large headed F1 hybrid cabbage variety for the fresh market.

### Maturity

75-85 days from transplant in the recommended season.

### Plant Characteristics

GREEN STAR has a medium to large upright frame. A plant population of 28,000 plants per ha is recommended for single head marketing. Plant population will influence head size.

**Head Characteristics:** GREEN STAR produces firm round uniform heads with excellent internal quality. Care should be taken not to let the crop mature past the optimal period to prevent head splitting.

### Variety Characteristics

**Fertilization Guidelines:** This is a general guide, grower conditions vary and a soil analysis is highly recommended.

N: 150 to 200kg/ha. 70 to 90 kg/ha incorporated preplant. Top dress the balance as follows:

Summer: 7,14 and 28 days after transplanting (no later).

Winter: 14,28 and 45 days from transplant (no later).

P: 50 kg/ha incorporated preplant. K: 120 kg/ha incorporate preplant. Soil pH: 6 - 6,8.

### Features & Benefits

A vigorous grower with an early maturity.

**Disease Resistance:** Field observation indicates some resistance to black rot.

**Disclaimer:** This information is based on our observations and/or information from other sources. As crop performance depends on the interaction between the genetic potential of the seed, its physiological characteristics, and the environment, including management, we give no warranty express or implied, for the performance of crops relative to the information given nor do we accept any liability for any loss, direct or consequential, that may arise from whatsoever cause. Please read the Starke Ayres Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale before ordering seed.

**Resistance:** is the ability of a plant variety to restrict the growth and development of a specified pest or pathogen and/or the damage they cause when compared to susceptible plant varieties under similar environmental conditions and pest or pathogen pressure. Resistant varieties may exhibit some disease symptoms or damage under heavy pest or pathogen pressure (HR = High resistance, IR = Intermediate resistance).